

Slavery Legal in U.S.

Dred Scott was again denied in his quest for freedom. The Supreme Court led by Chief Justice Corey decided the law classified him as property and his master had every right to take his property wherever he wished. Attorney Xishun quoted the 4th and 5th amendments which protect property and said, "He is like luggage."



This court simulation was the culmination of a two-week study of the history of slavery. Very able attorneys were Lizzy, Jordan, Xishun, and Jessie. Justices who asked sharp questions and decided the fate of Dred Scott were Charlie, Kolbe, Corey, Joseph, Shanti, Merrick, and Ethan.

We studied the Quaker Anti-Slavery Letter 1688, the Declaration of Independence 1776, Northwest Ordinance 1787, the U.S. Constitution 1787, the Missouri Compromise 1820, the Compromise of 1850, and the Kansas-Nebraska Act 1854.

In the actual case, the court decided that all laws trying to control the spread of slavery were illegal thus making slavery legal everywhere in the United States. The Civil War followed soon after.

Easter Vacation
Next week and Monday, March 28

Co-op Fun

On Wednesdays we have many people leading classes for Mandalians and home-schoolers. The current offerings include origami, poetry, woodworking, cooking with literature, art at Muse Jar, Writers' Workshop, psychology, and classical music.



World Games

The various regions have been developing models of their areas and technology. They have now reached 2000 BCE. Soon trading will begin bringing a new level of economic understanding.

